Serial No. 10/797,455 Atty. Doc. No. 2004P02559US

- 8. (Original) The combustor of claim 6. wherein the second catalytic stage further comprises a catalytic material selected from the group consisting of perovskite, zeolite, and hexaaluminate.
- 9. (Original) The combustor of claim 6. wherein the second catalytic stage further comprises a first region comprising a first catalytic material, and a second region disposed downstream of the first region and comprising a second catalytic material different from the first catalytic material.
  - 10. (Original) The combustor of claim 6, further comprising:
- a first catalytic material disposed on a metallic support in the first catalytic stage; and
- a second catalytic material, different from the first catalytic material, disposed on a ceramic support in the second catalytic stage.
- 11. (Original) The combustor of claim 6, wherein the second catalytic stage further comprises a metallic support comprising a metal alloy selected from the group consisting of molybdenum dislicide, iron-chromium-aluminum, and iron aluminide.
- 12. (Original) The combustor of claim 6, wherein the second catalytic stage further comprises a catalytic material disposed on a ceramic reticulated foam catalyst support.

## 13. (Cancelled)

14. (Currently Amended) The combustor of claim 43 6, wherein the separate catalytic elements comprise ceramic reticulated foam catalyst supports comprising different pore size grades.

## 15. (Cancelled)

PAGE 5/13 \* RCVD AT 1/2/2008 3:14:02 PM [Eastern Standard Time] \* SVR:USPTO-EFXRF-5/13 \* DNIS:2738300 \* CSID:4079267720 \* DURATION (mm-55):02-32

Serial No. 10/797,455 Atty. Doc. No. 2004P02559US

16. (Currently Amended) The combustor of claim 43 <u>6</u>, wherein the separate catalytic elements comprise different catalytic materials.

## 17. (Cancelled)

- 18. (Currently Amended) The combustor of claim 43 6, wherein each catalytic element is spaced apart from an adjacent catalytic element along the flow axis.
- 19. (Original) The combustor of claim 6, wherein the second catalytic stage further comprises a tubular catalyst support coated with a catalytic material on an outside surface and an inside surface.
- 20. (Original) The combustor of claim 6, wherein the second catalytic stage further comprises a plurality of catalytic material coated plates defining longitudinal passageways.
- 21. (Original) The combustor of claim 6, wherein the second catalytic stage further comprises a catalyst support selected from the group consisting of a honeycomb structure, a tower packing structure, and a packed particle structure.
- 22. (Original) The combustor of claim 6, wherein the first catalytic stage comprises a rich catalytic stage.

## 23. (Cancelled)

Serial No. 10/797,455 Atty. Doc. No. 2004P02559US

24. (Currently Amended) A catalytic combustor comprising:

an upstream pressure boundary comprising a catalytic surface disposed thereinfor receiving a fuel/oxidizer mixture and discharging a partially oxidized fuel/oxidizer mixture;

a downstream pressure boundary defining a pressure boundary crosssectional flow area for receiving the partially oxidized fuel/oxidizer mixture;

a catalyst-coated reticulated foam support disposed within the second pressure boundary for receiving a first portion of the mixture and presenting a support cross-sectional flow area less than the second pressure boundary cross-sectional flow area to define a bypass passageway for allowing a second portion of the fuel/oxldlzer mixture to bypass the foam support; and

a transition pressure boundary disposed between the upstream pressure boundary and the downstream pressure boundary, the transition pressure boundary comprising a narrowed flow area region effective to generate a venturi effect disposed between an inlet end receiving the oxidized fuel/oxidizer mixture from the upstream pressure boundary and an outlet end discharging the partially oxidized fuel/oxidizer mixture into the downstream pressure boundary, wherein the transition pressure boundary is configured to substantially limit combustion of the partially oxidized fuel/oxidizer mixture from the upstream pressure boundary.

- 25. (Original) The catalytic combustor of claim 24, wherein the reticulated foam support comprises a cross-section sized to bypass from 25% to 80% of the mixture past the foam support element.
- 26. (Original) The catalytic combustor of claim 24, wherein the reticulated foam support defines a plurality of separate passageways within the pressure boundary.
- 27 (Original) The catalytic combustor of claim 24, wherein the passageway is disposed around a portion of a perimeter of the reticulated foam support.

Serial No. 10/797,455 Attv. Doc. No. 2004P02559US

- 28. (Original) The catalytic combustor of claim 24 wherein the reticulated foam support comprises a cruciform cross-section.
- 29. (Original) The catalytic combustor of claim 24 wherein the reticulated foam support comprises a donut-shaped cross-section.
- 30. (Original) The catalytic combustor of claim 24 wherein the reticulated foam support comprises a cross-section perimeter smaller than an internal perimeter of the pressure boundary, the foam support supported against the internal perimeter by spaced apart standoffs.
- 31. (Original) The catalytic combustor of claim 24 wherein the reticulated foam support comprises a ceramic material.
- 32. (Previously Presented) The catalytic combustor of claim 1, wherein the narrowed flow region is configured for generating a venturi effective to protect the first catalytic stage from heat generated in the second catalytic stage.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The catalytic combustor of claim 6, wherein the narrowed flow region is configured for generating a venturi effective to limit flashback into the first catalytic stage.
- 34. (New) The catalytic combustor of claim 1, wherein the transition stage is configured to substantially limit combustion of the partially oxidized fuel/oxidizer mixture from the first catalytic stage.
- 35. (New) The catalytic combustor of claim 6, wherein the transition stage is configured to substantially limit combustion of the partially oxidized fuel/oxidizer mixture from the first catalytic stage.